COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

<u>L.R. No.</u>: 2051-01 <u>Bill No.</u>: HB 850

Subject: Business and Commerce; Tax Credits; Economic Development; Economic

Development Department

<u>Type</u>: Original

Date: March 26, 2013

Bill Summary: This proposal would create the "Bring Jobs Home Act".

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	
General Revenue	(More than \$424,353)	(More than \$435,826)	(More than \$438,714)	
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund	(More than \$424,353)	(More than \$435,826)	(More than \$438,714)	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other</u> State Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

This fiscal note contains 8 pages.

L.R. No. 2051-01 Bill No. HB 850 Page 2 of 8 March 26, 2013

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
General Revenue	7 FTE	7 FTE	7 FTE
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	7 FTE	7 FTE	7 FTE

- Estimated Total Net Effect on All funds expected to exceed \$100,000 savings or (cost).
- Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue Fund expected to exceed \$100,000 (cost).

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Section 620.2425, RSMo. - Bring Jobs Home Act:

Officials from the **Joint Committee on Administrative Rules** assume this proposal would not have a fiscal impact to their organization in excess of existing resources.

Officials from the **Office of Administration - Division of Budget and Planning (BAP)** assume this proposal would not result in any additional costs or savings to their organization.

BAP officials note this proposal would create the Bring Jobs Home Act, which would establish a tax credit for expenses associated with relocating a business to Missouri. However, the proposal does not specify what taxes the credit may be taken against; therefore, the impact to General and Total State Revenue is unknown.

Officials from the **Department of Economic Development (DED)** assume this proposal would create the Bring Jobs Home Act, which would give a tax credit up to 20% of eligible expenses paid by a business that relocates to Missouri. The Department of Economic Development - Division of Business and Community Services would implement the program.

Fiscal impact

DED officials noted there is no annual or aggregate cap on the program, and also assume the proposal would result in an unknown negative fiscal impact over \$100,000.

Administrative impact

DED officials assume three additional employees would be required to administer the program. The additional employees would include be one each Economic Development Incentive Specialist III, II, and I. The additional employees would be responsible for establishing procedures, reviewing and approving program applications to determine eligibility, reviewing tax credit applications to make sure they meet program criteria, drafting and sending tax credit awards, and ensuring compliance with the program.

The DED response included three additional employees; the total estimated cost to implement the program was \$162,266 for FY 2014, \$174,091 for FY 2015, and \$176,002 for FY 2016.

L.R. No. 2051-01 Bill No. HB 850 Page 4 of 8 March 26, 2013

<u>ASSUMPTION</u> (continued)

Oversight assumes the DED estimate of expense and equipment cost for the new employeees could be overstated. If DED is able to use existing desks, file cabinets, chairs, etc., the estimate for equipment for fiscal year 2012 could be reduced by roughly \$6,000 per additional employee.

Oversight has, for fiscal note purposes only, changed the starting salary for the additional employees to correspond to the second step above minimum for comparable positions in the state's merit system pay grid. This decision reflects a study of actual starting salaries for new state employees and policy of the Oversight Subcommittee of the Joint Committee on Legislative Research. Oversight has also adjusted the DOR estimate of equipment and expense in accordance with OA budget guidelines. Finally, Oversight assumes a limited number of additional employees could be accommodated in existing office space.

Officials from the **Department of Revenue (DOR)** assume this proposal would create the Bring Jobs Home Act and would define terms applicable to the proposed new statute sections.

The in-sourcing expenses credit for any taxable year would equal 20% of eligible expenses. The proposal would not allow a credit unless the number of full time equivalent employees for the year of the claim exceeded the number of full time equivalent employees for the last taxable year ending before the taxpayer paid or incurred eligible expenses.

In addition, the proposal would not allow a deduction for any expenses incurred when dissolving a business unit in Missouri and relocating such business unit to another state.

The Departments of Revenue and Economic Development would create rules to implement the provisions of this section, the Department of Revenue would need to make forms changes, and the Department of Revenue and OA - ITSD (DOR) would need to make programming changes to various tax systems.

Fiscal impact

DOR officials assume this proposal would create an unknown, negative impact on Total State Revenue; however, since there is no cap on this credit, the Department cannot determine the extent of the reduction.

L.R. No. 2051-01 Bill No. HB 850 Page 5 of 8 March 26, 2013

ASSUMPTION (continued)

IT impact

DOR officials provided an estimate of the IT cost to implement this proposal of \$22,722 based on 840 hours of programing to make changes to DOR systems.

Oversight assumes OA-ITSD (DOR) is provided with core funding to handle a certain amount of activity each year. Oversight assumes OA-ITSD (DOR) could absorb the costs related to this proposal. If multiple bills pass which require additional staffing and duties at substantial costs, OA-ITSD (DOR) could request funding through the appropriation process.

Administrative impact

DOR officials assume Personal Tax would require two additional Temporary Tax Employees for key entry, one additional Revenue Processing Technician I (Range 10, Step L) per 19,000 errors, and one additional Revenue Processing Technician I (Range 10, Step L) per 2,400 pieces of correspondence. In addition, Corporate Tax would require one additional Revenue Processing Technician I (Range 10, Step L) per 7,800 additional errors with CARES phone system and one additional Revenue Processing Technician I (Range 10, Step L) per 2,600 additional pieces of correspondence generated with CARES phone system.

The DOR response included four additional employees and related equipment and expense. Oversight notes that the total estimated DOR cost including four additional employees, two temporary tax employees, employee benefits, and equipment and expense would total \$184,725 for FY 2014, \$163,136 for FY 2015, and \$165,208 for FY 2016.

Oversight assumes the DOR estimate of expense and equipment cost for the new FTE could be overstated. If DOR is able to use existing desks, file cabinets, chairs, etc., the estimate for equipment for fiscal year 2012 could be reduced by roughly \$6,000.

Oversight has, for fiscal note purposes only, changed the starting salary for the additional employees to correspond to the second step above minimum for comparable positions in the state's merit system pay grid. This decision reflects a study of actual starting salaries for new state employees and policy of the Oversight Subcommittee of the Joint Committee on Legislative Research. Oversight has also adjusted the DOR estimate of equipment and expense in accordance with OA budget guidelines. Finally, Oversight assumes a limited number of additional employees could be accommodated in existing office space.

L.R. No. 2051-01 Bill No. HB 850 Page 6 of 8 March 26, 2013

ASSUMPTION (continued)

Officials from the **Office of the Secretary of State** did not respond to our request for information.

For fiscal note purposes, **Oversight** assumes this proposal would result in a net revenue reduction for the General Revenue Fund in excess of \$100,000 per year. Oversight assumes the creation of a new program in this proposal would have a positive impact on the state. However, Oversight considers this to be indirect impact of the proposal and will not reflect it in the fiscal note.

FISCAL IMPACT - State Government	FY 2014 (10 Mo.)	FY 2015	FY 2016
GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
Cost - DED Insourcing tax credit Section 620.20425 Salaries	(\$92,300)	(\$110,760)	(\$111,868)
Benefits	(\$46,838)	(\$56,205)	(\$56,767)
Equipment and expense Total	(\$18,504) (\$157,642)	(\$1,799) (\$168,764)	(\$1,844) (\$170,479)
FTE change - DED	3 FTE	3 FTE	3 FTE
Cost - DOR Insourcing tax credit Section 620.20425			
Salaries	(\$90,120)	(\$108,300)	(\$109,383)
Benefits Equipment and expense	(\$45,731)	(\$54,957)	(\$55,506)
Equipment and expense Total	(\$30,860) (\$166,711)	(\$3,265) (\$166,522)	(\$3,346) (\$168,235)
FTE change - DOR	4 FTE	4 FTE	4 FTE
Revenue reduction - DOR			
Insourcing tax credit	(More than	(More than	(More than
Section 620.2425	<u>\$100,000)</u>	<u>\$100,000)</u>	<u>\$100,000)</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND	(More than <u>\$424,353</u>)	(More than <u>\$435,286)</u>	(More than <u>\$438,714)</u>
Estimated Net FTE Change for the General Revenue Fund	7 FTE	7 FTE	7 FTE
FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government	FY 2014 (10 Mo.)	FY 2015	FY 2016
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

L.R. No. 2051-01 Bill No. HB 850 Page 8 of 8 March 26, 2013

FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

This proposal would have a direct fiscal impact to any small business which had qualifying expenses and met the employee retention requirements.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

The proposed legislation would create the "Bring Jobs Home Act" which would allow a tax credit for 20% of eligible expenses incurred by a business which relocated to Missouri.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Joint Committee on Administrative Rules Office of Administration - Division of Budget and Planning Department of Economic Development Department of Revenue

Not Responding:

Office of the Secretary of State

Ross Strope Acting Director March 26, 2013

Con Ada